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ABSTRACT

This guide presents activities to increase human relations skills for women. Each activity includes sections on the goal, group size, materials required, time required, objective, procedures and directions, discussion questions and key points, and evaluation. Activities are: (1) self-esteem, including sections on interaction, insights, and self-worth; (2) growth motivation, including sections on perception and self-concept; (3) assertion, including sections on perception and behavior styles; (4) interpersonal comfort, focusing on perceptions; (5) empathy, focusing on listening; (6) drive strength, focusing on goal setting; (7) decision making, focusing on problem solving; (8) time management, focusing on daily priorities; (9) sales orientation, focusing on creativity; (10) commitment ethic, including sections on priorities and friends; (11) stress management, including sections on daily stress and peer pressure; and (12) employment, including sections on the resume and interview. (ABL)

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prepared for

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by

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I. SELF-ESTEEM

UNIT:

A. INTERACTION

ACTIVITY TITLE:

1. INSIGHTS: AN INTERACTION GUIDE

GOAL

To listen to others to discover differences in personal choices without being judgmental.

GROUP SIZE:

5 - 7 in a group

MATERIALS:

Sample questions and synthesis set.

TIME REQUIRED:

20 - 40 minutes.

OBJECTIVES:

Each participant will:

A. Answer questions

B. Listen to the answers of other participants. Do not judge the answers as either right or wrong.

PROCEDURES

1. Arrange the groups into circles.

AND

2. Identify yourself to the me ers of your group.

3. Answer the questions directed to you.

DIRECTIONS:

4. You may pass a question to have time to think.

5. Answer in turn and come back to people who pass the first time.

6. Do not judge the answers as right or wrong.

7. Use the synthesis set to summarize the unit.

DISCUSSION:

ı

Did you find it hard to keep from calling a person's answer wrong when you disagreed with their choice?

Questions

We often think our choices are right for everyone.

AND

2. Did you enjoy having your answers accepted by the group without judgement?

We like to be accepted for our choices.

KEA

3. Why are questions about people's choices not right or wrong?

POINTS

People like different things. Different choices are natural.

EVALUATION:

All participants will:

A. Answer each question.

B. Accept each other's answers without judging the answers as right or wrong.

	•						
PERSONAL LIFE SKILLS		I. SELF-ESTEEM	Name:				
UNIT:	2	. INTERACTION	Date:				
ACTIVITY SHEET:	1	L. INSIGHTS: AN	INTERACTION GUIDE				
GOAL			o discover differences in out being judgmental.				
MATERIALS:	Sampl	le questions and :	synthesis set.				
OBJECTIVES:	answe	articipants will answer questions and listen to the nswers of other participants without judging the nswers as either right or wrong.					
PROCEDURES	1. 7	Arrange the groups into circles.					
AND	2. 2	Answer the questions directed to you. You may pass a questions to have time to think.					
DIRECTIONS:	3. A	Answer in turn and first time.	d come back to people who pass the				
	4.	o not judge the a	answers as right or wrong.				
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DIS		_					
1. Did you fin when you d	nd it isagre	hard to keep from eed with their cho	calling a person's answer wrong oice?				
2. Did you enjudgement?							
3. Why are que	estion	s about people's	choices not right or wrong?				



I. SELF-ESTEEM

A. Interaction

- 1. Insight
 - a. Resource Sheet "Sample Questions"
- 1. What is the best movie you have ever seen?
- 2. What do you want to build?
- 3. What do you like to do with free time?
- 4. How do you choose friends?
- 5. What kind of animal would you like to be?
- 6. What would you like to smash?
- 7. What is your favorite song?
- 8. What is your favorite sport?
- 9. What is the best book you ever read?
- 10. What is the funniest movie you ever saw?
- 11. What is the greatest value that guides your life?
- 12. Who has influenced your life the most?
- 13. Is you were to paint it, what color is love?
- 14. Choose a word to describe the sunset.
- 15. What is the most beautiful quality about people?
- 16. What is the greatest problem in the United States?
- 17. My future dreams for myself include...
- 18. What do you love the most?
- 19. What comes to mind when you hear the word "reality"?

SYNTHESIS SET

- 1. What things did you find out about other people?
- 2. Which person did you learn the most from?
- 3. Which person do you want to know better?
- 4. Which person likes people the most?
- 5. Which person is most like you?



I. SELF-ESTEEM

UNIT:

B. INSIGHTS

ACTIVITY TITLE:

1. GOOD ANSWER

GOAL

To have participants sit together and talk about different subjects in a self-controlled manner without judging the answers.

GROUP SIZE:

5-7 in a group

MATERIALS:

Sample questions and synthesis set.

TIME REQUIRED:

20-40 Minutes.

OBJECTIVE

Each participant will:

A. Participants will answer questions and listen to the answers of other participants. This will be done without judging the answers as either right or wrong.

PROCEDURES

1. Review list of sample questions.

Prepare name tags if needed.

3. Arrange groups into circles.

AND
DIRECTIONS:

4. Explain that they are to answer questions and accept everyone's answer without interruption.

5. Answer questions directed to you.

6. Do not talk out of turn.

7. Do not judge the answers as right or wrong.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

 Did you find it hard to keep from calling a person's answer wrong when you disagreed with their choice?
 We often think our choices are right for everybody.

Did you enjoy having your answers accepted as OK with the group?
 We like to be accepted for our children.

Why are questions about people's choices OK, not right or wrong?

People have different preferences. Different choices are natural.

EVALUATION:

Each participant will:

A. Will answer at least one questions.

B. Participants will accept each others answers without judging the answers as right or wrong.



PERSONAL LIFE SKILLS: .	ı.	SELF-ESTEEN	Name:	
UNIT:	в.	Insight s	Date:	
ACTIVITY SHEET:	1.	GOOD ANSWER		
GOAL	about dif	articipants sit ferent subjects thout judging t	t together and talk s in a self-controlled the answers.	
MATERIALS:	Sample qu	estions and syr	nthesis set.	
OBJECTIVE	Participants will answer questions and listen to the answers of other participants. This will done without judging the answers as either righor wrong.			
PROCEDUR ES	1. Arra	nge the groups	into circles.	
AND	2. Answer the questions directed to you.			
DIRECTIONS	3. Do not talk out of turn.			
	4. Do no	ot judge the ar	swers as right or wrong.	
	NOTES:		·	
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DISCUSS	ION QUESTIC	ONS:		
1. Did you find i when you disag	t hard to]	keep form calli their choice?	ng a person's answer wrong	
2. Did you enjoy	having your	r answers accep	ted as OK with the group?	
3. Why are question	ons about p	people's choice	s OK, not right or wrong?	
	-			

I. SELF-ESTEEN

UNIT:

C. SELF-WORTH

ACTIVITY TITLE:

1. AS YOU SEE YOURSELP

GOAL

To have individuals evaluate their feelings and beliefs of their own and others SELF-WORTH.

GROUP SIZE:

Can be done as an individual but preferably in small groups.

MATERIALS:

"As you see yourself questionnaire" pen or pencil.

TIME REQUIRED:

20 to 40 minutes depending on group size.

OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of the activity, each individual will have:

- A. Identified their perceived level of self-worth,
- B. Participated in a small group discussion about themselves and others.

PROCEDURES

1. Secure a copy of questionnaire "AS YOU SEE YOURSELF".

MD

2. Carefully read the instructions and complete the questionnaire.

DIRECTIONS:

3. Join a small group for discussion.

DISCUSSION:

1. What is self-worth?

QUESTIONS

Self-worth is the self perceived level of personal worth.

AND

2. Do you think that you see yourself differently than others see you?

KEY

It is not unusual for us to see ourselves differently than others see us.

3. Will your self-concept ever change?

POINTS

Self-concept can change over time and it can change for the better or for the worse.

4. Can your self-worth be influenced by others?

Your self-worth can be influenced by others, either positively or negatively.

EVALUATION:

Individuals will have:

- A. Completed at lease one response to each question.
- B. Participated in the discussion group.

PERSONAL LIFE S	KILLS:	ı.	SELF-ESTEEM	Name:
UNIT:		c.	SELF-WORTH	Date:
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1.	AS YOU SEE YO	URSELF
GOAL	To hav	ve each s of th	individual ev neir own and o	aluate their feelings and thers SELF-WORTH.
MATERIALS:	"As yo pen or	u see y pencil	yourself quest	ionnaire"
OBJECTIVES:	At the	comple	etion of the a	ctivity each individual .
	B. pa	rticipa	ited in a smal;	ived level of self-worth, group discussion about as and others.
Procedures	1. Se	cure a	copy of quest	ionnaire "AS YOU SEE
AND	2. Ca	refully	read the inst	cructions and complete
DIRECTIONS:	3. Jo	ie quest in a sm	ionnaire. all group for	discussion
	4. Pa	rticipa	te in discuss:	on.
	5. Pr	epare f	or and partic	pate in summary activity.
SUMHARY ACTIVITY	DISCUSSION	QUESTI	ONS:	
1. What i	is self-wort	h?		
2. Do you see yo	think that	you se	e yourself dif	ferently than other people
3. Will y	our self-co	ncept e	ver change?	
4. Can yo	our self-wor	th be i	nfluenced by c	thers?

Individuals will have: EVALUATION

- A. Completed at least one response to each question.B. Participated in the discussion group.



I. SELF-ESTEEM

C. SELF-WORTH

1. As You See Yourself

a. A Resource Sheet - "I like..."

INSTRUCTIONS: For each statement put a check on one of the columns. NO NAMES PLEASE - PLEASE BE HONEST WITH YOURSELF.

		NEVER	SOMETIMES	USUALLY	ALWAYS
1.	I like to be the center of attention		-		
2.	I like to help others				
3.	I like for people to trust me.				
4.	I like to hurry through with anything I do.				-
5.	People do not understand me.				
6.	I like to be honest with people.		-		
7.	It hurts my feelings to be criticized.				
8.	I am polite to everyone			****	
9.	I can laugh at my own mistakes.				
10.	I try but I never seem to succeed.		·		
11.	I talk about others.				
12.	I am careful not to hurt anyone's feelings.				
13.	I like to be with lots of people.				
14.	I finish what I start.				
15.	List (3) three jobs that information would be help	you might ful.	be interest	ced in, who	ere this
	a. b.				



c.

I. SELF-ESTEEM

C. SELF-WORTH

1. As You See Yourself
 b. A Resource Sheet - "Survey of Your Feelings"

DO YOU KNOW YOURSELF: PROBLEMS ABOUT MYSELF

You often think	about your friends	and others in term	s of the kind of
people they are.	But have you ever	thought about wha	t kind of person you
are? Here are s any of these bot number.	some statements many ther you, put a chec	people feel are pk () on the line	problems they have. If in front of the

		1. I	get mad too much		
		2. I	am not nice looking		
		3. I	bite my fingernails	too much	
		4. I	feel bad about things	s I do	
		5. I	always get into troul	ble	
		6. I	am afraid to be at he	ome alone at	night
		7. I	would like to get a	job	
		8. I	worry too much		
		9. I	would like more cloth	nes	
		10. I	would like to know wh	nat my camen	r will be
		11. I	am afraid of the dark	c	
		12. I	wish I were good at o	games	
		13. I	am too bashful	•	
		14. I	am too crabby		
		15. I	do not have much fun		
su	MARY QUESTION	is:			
1.	Do you know r	nore abo	out yourself now?	YES	NO
2.	Would you be	able to	rate someone else?	YES	NO
3.	Are certain print in certain jo	personal	lity traits important	YES	NO



I. SELF-ESTEEN
C. SELF-WORTH
1. As Your See Yourself
c. A Resource Sheet - "THE FUTURE"

QUALITIES I WOULD FOLLOW IN A LEADER: (check (5) five)

In order to learn to lead, one must first learn IMPORTANT GOOD QUALITIES are:	n to follow.	Three (3) of MY
1	_	
2	_	
3	_	
Every person has a particular genius - even if their own handwriting better than anyone else. are: 1	Three (3) o	at they can read f my limitations
2		
3		
What should be done about them?		
1		
2		
3		
"Dream no small dreams for these have not the man soul". MY GREATEST DREAM IS TO:	magic to stir	the individual
There is no limit to the amount a human being care who gets the credit. DAY BY DAY RESOLUTION SIGNIFICANT: List one achievement recently continued to the second se	an accomplis	h, if they don't SOMETHING
1	_	
List two goals or achievements which you plan t	o attain.	
1	•	
2		



II. GROWTH MOTIVATION

UNIT:

ACTIVITY TITLE:

A. PERCEPTION

1. THE PERCEPTUAL "K"

GOAL

To recognize that the eye sees, but the mind evaluates.

GROUP SIZE:

Small group or class.

MATERIALS:

Flip chart, chalkboard or overhead projector and perception drawings.

TIME REQUIRED:

5 minutes.

OBJECTIVES:

The participants will:

A. Recognize that different people, while viewing the same illustration will, at first, see quite different things.

PROCEDURES

1. Study the diagrams

AND

2. Answer the questions asked by the leader.

DIRECTIONS:

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS:

1. Why were the H's easier to see than the K's?

Your eyes see, but your mind evaluates. The "H" was easier to see because you had the "K" on your mind.

2. In your work with other people, in what ways is your eye seeing one thing and your mind another?

The mind does the thinking, the eye only sees. Your experiences, both good and bad, influenced what your mind thinks about what you see.

EVALUATION:

The leader will determine if the participants know what perception is by asking questions an giving them diagrams in which they have to use perception.



PERSONAL LIFE SKILL	s: II.	GROWTH	MOITAVITON	Name:
UNIT:	λ.	PERCEP	TION	Date:
ACTIVITY SHEET:	1.	THE PE	RCEPTUAL "K"	
GOAL	To have partic sees, but the			ne eye
MATERIALS:	Flip chart, ch and perception			l projector
OBJECTIVE	By the complet participants w people, while will, at first	ill reco viewing	ognize that d the same ill	lifferent ustration
PROCEDURES	1. Study the	diagram	m and answer	the questions.
AND	NOTES:		.	
DIRECTIONS:				,
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DI	SCUSSION QUESTI	ONS:		
1. Why was t	he H's easier t	o see ti	han the K's?	
2. In your wone thing	ork with other and your mind	people, another	in what ways	is your eye seeing



II. GROWTH MOTIVATION

- A. PERCEPTION
 - 1. THE PERCEPTUAL "K"
 - a. A Resource Sheet "Perceptual "K"

STEPS IN THE PERCEPTION EXERCISE

1. Exhibit the following diagram on a flip chart or chalkboard.

- 2. Ask your group "What do you see?" Chances are you'll get responses like "arrows," "home plates," three houses on their side," etc.
- 3. When you get the response "two K's," immediately highlight the two K's. Then go on with the exercise by exhibiting the second diagram.

Then ask them "Now what do you see?" Very likely, you'll get the response "two H's." Now ask the group "Would you have seen the H's if someone had not first pointed out the K's?"



II. GROWTH MOTIVATION

UNIT:

A. PERCEPTION

ACTIVITY TITLE:

2. WHAT DO YOU SEE?

GOAL

To show that people see things differently.

GROUP SIZE:

Small group or class.

MATERIALS:

Transparencies and overhead projector.

TIME REQUIRED:

5 to 10 minutes.

OBJECTIVE

Participants will:

PROCEDURES

A. Look at each picture and write down what they see.

 Introduce the exercise by stating that often our eyes may deceive us. Use the examples of "Optical Art" shown on the following pages.

AND
DIRECTIONS:

2. The participants are to look at each picture and write down what they see.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. In illustration A, is the box inside a room or are there two boxes? (both are correct).

2. In illustration B, are the lines pulled apart at the center or are they parallel?

3. In illustration C, what happened to the center prong?

4. In illustration D, which end is out? (either).

5. In illustration E, which boy is the tallest? (all are the same height)

You may have to force your mind to think of the alternate picture to see it.

EVALUATION:

Each participant will:

A. Participants will see the differences.



PERSONAL I	LIFE SKILL	5:	II.	GROWTH MOTIVA	TION	Name	
UNIT:			A.	PERCEPTION		Date:	·
ACTIVITY S	SHEET:		2.	WHAT DO YOU S	EE?		
GOAL To show that people see things differently.							
MATERIALS		Transparer	ncies	and overhead p	project	or.	
OBJECTIVE To recognize that people see the same pictures differently.						res	
write			icipar e down	nts are to look n what they see	k at ea	ch pictur	re and
AND DIRECTION	ONS:	NOTES:					
				<u> </u>	•		
SUHHARY AC	CTIVITY DI	CUSSION QU		: BKC	<u> </u>		
1.				box inside a	room o	r are the	ara tua
	boxes? (1	ooth are co	rrect	=).		- 410 0116	ile cwo
2.	In illustrare they p	ration B, a	are th (para	ne lines pulled	l apart	at the c	enter or
3.	In illustr	ration C, w	hat h	nappened to the	center	r prong?	
4.	In illustr	ation D, w	hich	end is out? (either))	
5.	In illustr height)	ation E, w	hich	boy is the tal	.lest?	(all are	the same



II. GROWTH MOTIVATION

- A. Perception
 - 2. What do you see?
 - a. A Resouce Sheet "Perception"

ILLUSTRATION A:

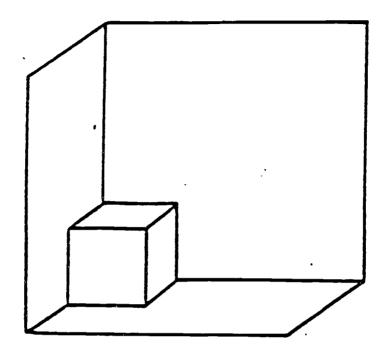


ILLUSTRATION B:

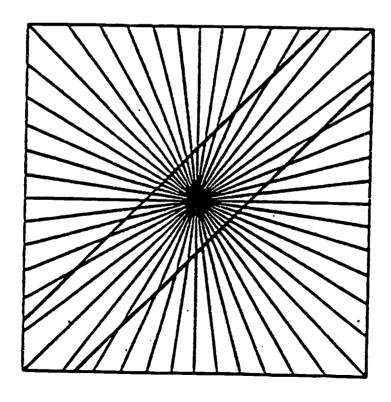




ILLUSTRATION C:

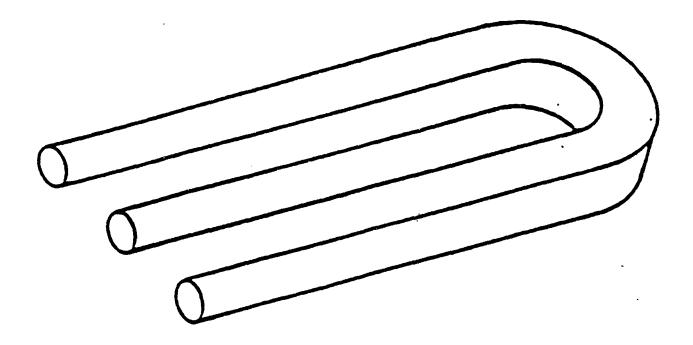


ILLUSTRATION D:

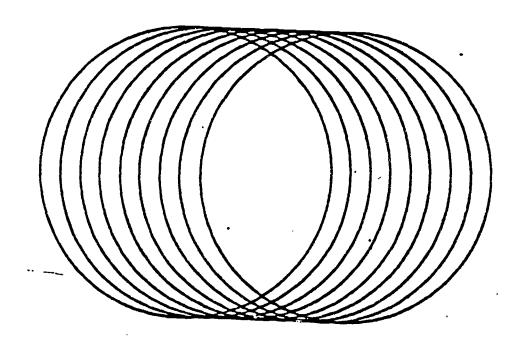
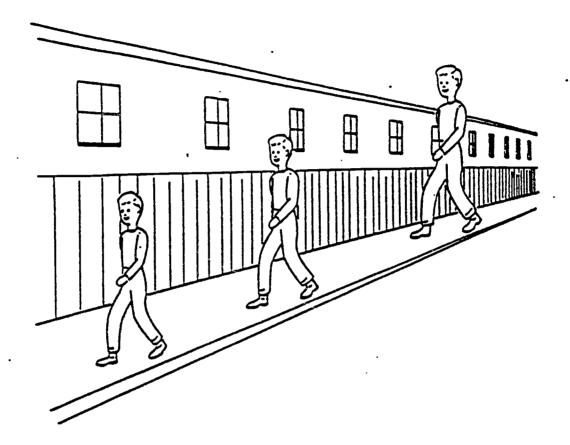




ILLUSTRATION E:





II. GROWTH MOTIVATION

UNIT:

SELF-CONCEPT

ACTIVITY TITLE:

1. IDENTIFY YOUR IMAGE

GOAL

Participants will identify their ideas about self-concept.

GROUP SIZE:

Classroom or small groups.

MATERIALS:

Word List and paper and pencil.

TIME REQUIRED:

30 minutes

OBJECTIVE

Each participant will:

Choose words to describe their selfconcept and notice the words other people use to describe self-concepts.

PROCEDURES

Have participants write down four or more 1. words that describe themselves.

2.

Pick up papers and mix the order.

DIRECTIONS

AND

3. Read lists and ask participants to identify persons from the description on list. 4.

Ask group to find the participant that is described.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

EVALUATION:

1. How do people describe themselves? Some people are negative in describing themselves; others are positive.

Did people know you from your description 2. of yourself. Sometimes words we use to describe ourselves

are not clear to our peers.

What different words could you use to 3. describe yourself?

Hearing other words can remind us of ways we can describe ourselves.

Each participant will:

Find at least four words to describe his/her A. self-concept.

B. Participate in discussion.



LEWOUND !	CILE SKIEPS.	**.	GROWIN MOIIVALLON	Name
UNIT:		В.	SELF-CONCEPT	Date:
ACTIVITY S	SHEET:	1.	IDENTIFY YOUR INA	GZ .
GOAL	Fo	or particelf-conce	cipants to identif	y their ideas about
MATERIALS	· Wo	ord list	and paper and pen	cil.
ОВЈЕСТ	tVE ti	neir seli	nts will choose wo f-concept and noti er people use to d	ce
PROCEDUI	RES 1	Have	participants writ	e down four or
AND	2	. Pick	words that descri up papers and mix	the order.
DIRECTIO) NB:	. Read paper	a description at	random from the
	4.	. Ask d		participant that is
		NOTES	S:	
SUMMARY AC	TIVITY DISC	JSSION QU	estions:	
1.	How do peop	le descri	be themselves?	
2.	Did people 3	cnow you	from your descrip	tion of vourself?
	• •	•		, and a factor of the same of
3.	Hearing other ourselves.	er words	can remind us of t	ways we can describe



II. GROWTH MOTIVATION

- B. SELF CONCEPT
 - 1. IDENTIFY YOUR IMAGE
 - a. A Resource Sheet "Self-Concept."

LISTING OF TRAITS

ALL POSITIVE TRAITS (add any positive traits not listed as needed.)

	Leadership
	Follower
	Honest
	Trustworthy
	Kind
	Polite
	Adventurous
	Pleasant
	Thoughtful
	Gentle
	Has Will Power
	Easy to get Along With
·	Good Sport
	Dependable
	A Doer (active or energetic person)
	Ambitious
	Ras Integrity



ASSERTION III.

UNIT:

ACTIVITY TITLE:

A. PERCEPTION

> ı. PERCEPTIONS DIFFER

GOAL

Encourage participants to observe that awareness of perception is important in understanding others.

GROUP SIZE:

Small groups of 3 to 5 people.

MATERIALS:

An action picture.

TIME REQUIRED:

10 - 30 minutes.

OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of the activity, the participants will:

- A. Recognize that we perceive things differently B. Identify two potential causes for breakdown in
- communication.

PROCEDURES

1. Select a picture full of action.

AND

DIRECTIONS:

2. Study the picture for three minutes and write down your perception of the picture. To only one other participant describe at least three

- points. 3. After the picture is described to you, try to
- describe it to only one other participant. 4. The last person in the group will then write down
- 5. Note the difference in descriptions.

her perceptions on a piece of paper.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

Why do we perceive things differently? 1.

> Selective attention - People put emphasis on different things.

Identify how and why each participant changed the 2. emphasis.

Different experiences influence what we see and hear.

3. What caused any breakdown in communications in the group?

Clearly identify at least 2 reasons for breakdowns. <u>Distractions</u> - talking, not listening, thinking ahead. <u>Distorted in</u> Distorted images different words have different personal meanings Inadequate descriptions.

EVALUATION:

Compare the leader's perception and last person's perception.



PERSONAL LIFE SKILI	ية: : كت	III.	ASSERTION	Name:		
UNIT:		λ.	PERCEPTION	Date:		
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1.	PERCEPTIONS DI	FFER		
GOAL	To ob under	serve stand	e that awareness ling others.	s of perception is important in		
MATERIALS:	An ac	tion	picture.			
OBJECTIVES:	At th will:	e con	pletion of the	activity, the participants		
	в.	Ident	nize that we perify two potentions.	rceive things differently. al causes for breakdown in		
PROCEDURES	1.	Study	the picture fo	or three minutes.		
AND	2.	Write	down your perc	eption of the picture.		
DIRECTIONS:	3.	Descr parti	ibe at least th cipant.	ree points to only one other		
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DI	SCUSSI	ом Qu	estions:			
1. Why do we perceive things differently?						
2. Identify how each participant changed the emphasis of the description.						
3. Why was the	3. Why was there a change in the emphasis?					
4. What cause	4. What caused any breakdown in communications in the group?					



III. ASSERTION

UNIT:

A. PERCEPTION

ACTIVITY TITLE:

2. HOW WE HEAR

GOAL

To show the difference in perception.

GROUP SIZE:

Small group.

MATERIALS:

Newspaper, paper, and pencil.

TIME REQUIRED:

10 Minutes.

OBJECTIVE

Participants will:

A. Illustrate that we hear statements differently therefore we perceive differently.

PROCEDURES

1. Leader will read from a newspaper, short story or show a video tape.

AND

2. The others will write down what they remember.

DIRECTIONS:

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. What did you hear?

What you hear is not always what was said.

2. Did you hear what others heard?

Others may listen to the same story and hear the story differently.

3. Why were there different points picked to write down?

EVALUATION: perceptions.

Ask participants how they feel about others'



PERSONAL LIFE SKILI	S: III. ASSERTION Name			
UNIT:	A. PERCEPTION Date:			
ACTIVITY SHEET:	2. HOW WE HEAR			
GOAL	To show the difference in perception.			
MATERIALS:	Newspaper, paper, and pencil.			
OBJECTIVE	To illustrate that we hear statements differently, therefore we perceive differently.			
PROCEDURES	 Listen to the story and write down what you hear. 			
AND	Nomna			
NOTES:				
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DI	SCUSSION QUESTIONS:			
1. What did	ou hear?			
2. Did you he	ear what others heard?			
3. Why were t	Why were there different points picked to write down?			



III. ASSERTION

UNIT:

B. BEHAVIOR STYLES

ACTIVITY TITLE:

1. PERSONAL AND WORKSITE ROLES

GOAL

Develop assertive communication skills.

<u>___</u>

GROUP SIZE: At least three groups of three.

MATERIALS:

Copies of role-playing situations or actual situations developed by leader and/or participants. Descriptions of communication styles.

TIME REQUIRED:

30 minutes for each situation.

OBJECTIVE

Each group will role play the deferent, aggressive and assertive response to develop skills in assertive communication.

PROCEDURES

1. Select a situation from personal or work life.

2. Give groups the same situation to review.

AND

3. Provide groups with a description of behavior habits, and speech of each style of communication.

DIRECTIONS:

- 4. Group one will develop a deferent response. Group two will develop an aggressive response, and group three will develop an assertive response.
- 5. Groups take turns role playing their response.
- 6. Groups practice a different response with each situation.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS:

What are the differences in behavior for each communication style?

Deferent - gives in, apologetic, pleads, cries, looks down, hopes Aggressive - dominates, attacks, loud, points, makes demands, overreacts Assertive - honest, respects self and others, listens, makes direct eye contact

- What are the reasons for these behaviors? Deferent - to avoid conflict Aggressive - to express hostility and anger or to get things done quickly Assertive - to have positive feelings while getting goals achieved
- 3. How do people with these communication styles feel about themselves?
 Deferent low self esteem, hurt, powerless Aggressive superior, alienated, bitter, Assertive confident, powerful, relaxed

EVALUATION:

Each participant will:

- A. Contribute to the role playing activity.
- B. Provide suggestions in discussion with group.

PERSONAL LIFE SKILLS	:	III.	ASSERTION	Name
UNIT:	•	в.	BEHAVIOR STYLES	Date
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1.	PERSONAL AND WO	ORESITE ROLES
GOAL	Develop a	sserti	ive communicatio	on skills.
MATERIALS:	situation	s deve	playing situati cloped by leader communication	and/or participants.
OBJECTIVE	Each group and assertive community	tive 1	esponse to deve	deferent, aggressive lop skills in asser-
PROCEDURES	1. Selec	ct a s	ituation.	
AND	2. Revie	ew des	cription of beh	aviors.
directions	3. Developoss:	lop re ible r	sponse and role	play each of the three
	NOTES	s: _		
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DIS	CUSBION QU	PESTIC	NS:	
1. What are t style?	he differe	ences	in behavior for	each communication
2. What are t	he reasons	for	these behaviors	?
3. How do p	eople wi	th th	nese communicat	cion styles feel abou



II.	ASSERTION	Name:	
	B. BEHAVIOR STYLES	Date:	
	1. PERSONAL & W	ORKSITE ROLES	
•	upon the conversation. themselves obnoxiously enjoy your meal. What	oman sitting with a friend in a restaurant we are to men approach the table and begin intrustriantly you want to be picked up, they in You and your friend want to be left along assertive message can you deliver?	ding
		•	
•	other car to exit. I space. What do you do	•	
	Your script:		
	the hospital. The chi- hospital, a clerk begin	falls and hits his forehead while playing. The you fear a concussion. You rush the child do loses consciousness on the way. Once at so to ask you a series of long questions while and fearing for his life. What do you say	the
	Your script:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	cuar reduttes file file 0	nited in line for 20 minutes to make a purch f a check. When you get to the cashier, you are in does not cash checks and you must st	



Your script: _____

III. ASSERTION

B. BEHAVIOR STYLES

1. PERSON AND WORK SITE ROLES

Non-verbal Cues	Style 1	Style 2	Style 3
Gestures:	Wring hands Fidget Talk with hand over mouth Other nervous gestures	Point, shake finger Push Slam doors Throw things	Assured Calm Reach out Open
Facial expression:	Bored look Pouting, sulking Blank look Smile and nod agreement	Frown Roll eyes when disgusted Squint eyes critically	Attentive Interested Congruent
Eye contact:	Seldom looks at others Downcast eyes Roving eyes	Glare Stare Constant	Direct Good eye contact
Posture:	Slumped Crooked Uneven	Walk fast Rigid Clench fist	Relaxed Open Level
Tone of voice:	Weak Low, meek tone Timid, whiny	Critical Loud, yelling and rasping Scream	Medium Volume appropriate
Rate of speech:	Fastwhen anxious Hesitantwhen doubtful	Fast Precise	Moderate Volume appropriate
<u>Behavior</u>	Manipulative when angry Sigh a lot Smile when angry Avoid any conflict Afraid to take risks Stage fright Clam up Constantly ask permission Complain instead of acting Buy approval of others Kowtow to other's desires	Put others down Often first, competitive Am never wrong Take over a group Bossy, pushy Overpower others Jump on others Know-it-all attitude Demand center stage Emotional Use others as 'things'	Operate from own choice Plan for what is needed Action-oriented Firm Trusting Self-responsible Emphasize the positive Fair, just Consistent Proaction Don't deny other's rights
Verbal Cues Words used:	Yessing "I wish" "I can't" "Pil try" "I should" P'm sorry, but"	"You must" "You always Obscenities Verbal abuse "Do what I say" "You know better"	"I choose to" "What are our options?" "Who, when, where?" "Let's talk it over." "What alternatives?" "I agree"



В. BEHAVIOR STYLES

PERSON AND WORK SITE ROLES (cont)

	Style 1	Style 2	Style 3
Mottos & Beliefs	"I must be nice" "I don't say what I think" "I don't express myself" "I don't disagree" "I am inadequate" "Others have rights"	"I've got rights." "I am most important." "I am never wrong." "I always get my way" "I will get even." I must win every time."	OK to learn from mistakes Mistakes aren't final Believe in self, others Respect self, others Give positive reinforcement I have rights-so do others
Characteristics	Apologetic, self-conscious Self-doubting, submissive Unresponsive Trust others, but not self Can't take compliments Doesn't express own wants Nice, helpful, easy going Pliable Misunderstood Allow others to decide Rarely achieve goals Has no respect or power	Always achieve goals Directtoafault Demanding, arrogant Domineering, bullying Opinionated' Forceful, arbitrary Patronizing Belittling Authoritarian Self-righteous Punitive, critical Self-Initiative	Non-judgmental Forgiving, understanding Trust self, others Loving Enthusiastic Confident Self-responsibility Tolerant, patient Open, flexible, versatile Persistent Playful sense of humor Decisive
Confronting Problems	Non-confrontational Avoid conflict Play dumb, confused Withdraw, sullen Hesitate to speak up Non-committal	Step on toes Can't accept defeat Confront loudly Control Operate from win/lose Push, hurry	Win/win Negotiate, bargain Explore Take action with problems Don't let negativity build Have problem-solving skills
Feelings Felt	Hide feelings Resentful, powerless Inferior Depressed Embarrassed	Anger Resentment Hostility Stress Frustrated	Joy Enthusiasm Excitement Well-being Even-tempered
Communication Style	Indirect Agree to everything Don't speak up Hesitant Never interrupt	Close-minded Interrupt Talk fast Name calling Monopolizing	Active listener Positive self-image State limits, expectations
Effects On self:	Self-pity Headache, back pains Gave up being 'me'	Create own opposition Pay high price Make enemies	High self-esteem Have energy Feel contented
On others:	Feel disgust Build dependencies Feel guilty Get the blame	Foster resistance Undermine respect Foster fear Foster resentment	Morale is high Feel listened to Know where I stand High self-esteem



IV. INTERPERSONAL COMPORT

UNIT:

A. PERCEPTION

ACTIVITY TITLE:

1. HEN AND WOMEN ARE ALL ALIKE

GOAL

To increase awareness regarding sex role stereotyped attitudes.

GROUP SIZE:

Groups of 3 to 5.

MATERIALS:

Paper and pencil.

TIME REQUIRED:

20 minutes.

OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of the activity the participants will:

- A. Have an increased awareness of sterectyped attitudes about male/female behaviors.
- B. Recognize the power of cultural conditioning and stereotyping.

PROCEDURES

AND

DIRECTIONS:

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. List ten behaviors perceived as negative or aggravating. List 5 primarily associated with men and 5 primarily associated with women.

2. Compare with other group members. Pay close attention to behaviors of members of the opposite sex.

- 3. Begin a discussion about stereotyped attitudes concerning male and female behavior.
- 1. Are there any similarities in negative male and female behaviors? In male/female perceptions?

Some behaviors listed as negative male or female behaviors are the same.

Which behavior is most aggravating to you? Does the individual's sex play a role in the aggravating behavior?

some behaviors listed are based on myth rather than real people.

When both sexes are guilty of a negative behavior, are you more aggravated by one?

Some behaviors listed are positive male or female behaviors because of stereotype.

4. How does this exercise address stereotypes?

We tend to view people by our learned attitudes of what is acceptable for male or female.

EVALUATION:

All participants will:

A. List and contribute to the discussion about the unit.

PERSONAL LIFE SKILI	s:	IV. INTERPERSONAL COMFORT	Name:		
UNIT:		A. PERCEPTION	Date:		
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1. MEN AND WOMEN ARE ALL ALI	KE		
GOAL	To b	ecome aware of sex role stere	otypes.		
MATERIALS:	Penc	il and paper.			
OBJECTIVE		ne participant will:			
	A. B.	Increase awareness of stereo male/female behaviors. Will recognize the power of			
PROCEDURES AND	1.	Complete a list of 10 aggrav List 5 that are primarily List 5 that are primarily	male behaviors.		
DIRECTIONS	2.	Compare with other group mem of opposite sex. For exampl the behavior is negative for Why do you associate a behavor female stereotype?	e, why do you think the opposite sex?		
SUMMARY ACTIVITY D	scuss	ION QUESTIONS:			
		similarities in negative male perceptions?	and female behaviors?		
sex play	Which behavior is most aggravating to you? Does the individual's sex play a role in the aggravating behavior (example poor drivers)?				
3. When both aggravate	n sexe	s are guilty of a negative be one? Why? Why not? Do you	havior, are you more notice it more?		



٧. EMPATHY

UNIT:

A. LISTENING

ACTIVITY TITLE:

DID YOU HEAR WHAT I SAID?

GOAL

To develop skills of active and effective listening.

GROUP SIZE:

Groups of three.

MATERIALS:

Newspaper or magazine articles.

TIME REQUIRED:

30 - 40 minutes

3.

OBJECTIVE

Each participant will:

DIRECTIONS:

λ. Take the role of Speaker, Listener and Referee to develop listening skills.

PROCEDURES AND

1. Select a topic of controversial nature from a magazine or local newspaper.

Subjects could be on politics, labor, manage-

ment or other topic in good taste.

2. Select a Speaker, Listener and Referee for your group.

The Speaker will discuss the topic without

interruption for 3 minutes. The Listener summarizes the discussion without 4.

notes for 2 minutes.

5. The Referee can correct or make additional comments about the topic that the Listener did not

mention. 6. Assign a new topic and the participants change

roles. Repeat for each participant.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. In your role as Speaker, did you sense difficulties or experience any awkward moments? People need feedback to be effective in communicating with others.

Did you sense difficulty as a Listener or Referee? 2. When we are listening, it is hard to concentrate on everything the Speaker is saying. Taking notes can help organize our

thoughts.

3. Did you identify or see any barriers that obstructed effective listening? People are frustrated when they cannot ask questions or interact in conversation.

4. In your role as Listener, why was it difficult to summarize and paraphrase the Speaker's comments? We may find restating conversation harder than

stating our own thoughts on the topic.

EVALUATION:

Each participant will:

λ. Take each role in turn.

B. Join in the discussion.



PERSONAL LIFE SKILL	s:	٧.	EMPATHY	Name	
UNIT:	•	A.	Listening	Date	:
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1.	DID YOU H	EAR WHAT I	SAID?
GOAL	To develop listening.	skil	ls of act	ive and ef	fective
MATERIALS:	Newspaper	or ma	gazine art	icles.	
OBJECTIVE	To take th Referee to	e rol deve	e of Speak lop lister	er, Liste ling skill	ner and
PROCEDURES AND DIRECTIONS:	2. The S inter may t 3. The L notes 4. The R	peake rupti ake n isten for efere	on for 3 motes but neer summari 2 minutes.	s the top: inutes. ot the Lis zes the di	lc without The Referee
	5. Assignoles	on. n new . Re	topic and	the parti	cipants change participants have
BUMMARY ACTIVITY DIS	CUSSION QUI			ments?	
2. Did you se	ense difficu	ulty	as a Liste	ner or Ref	eree?
3. Did you id listening?	entify or s	see ai	ny barrier	s that obs	tructed effective
4. In your ro paraphrase	le as Liste the Speake	ener, er's o	why was it	difficul	t to summarize and



VI. DRIVE STRENGTH

UNIT:

A. GOAL SETTING

ACTIVITY TITLE: --

GOAL

1. THE POWER OF CLEAR GOALS
To understand the effect of clear goals on

improving performance.

GROUP SIZE:

Groups of four.

MATERIALS:

Paper, pencil and Observation Guide.

TIME REQUIRED:

30-40 minutes.

OBJECTIVE

Participants will:

A. See the differences in performance with a clear goal versus an unclear goal.

PROCEDURES

Form groups of four and select an observer.

AND

Observers will follow observation guides while groups work on two tasks (first task--unclear\ second--clear). Observer will make careful observations of group behavior on both tasks.

DIRECTIONS:

- Observers return to their groups and brief them. A discussion without observers follows for 8 minutes/task. (Task one--list appropriate goals to govern best development of group experiences, to increase social development in a democratic society. Task two--list all formally organized clubs\organizations that exist in a typical community.
- 4. Observers report to total group at completion.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. What are characteristic behaviors of people with unclear goals?

People ask to have the goal clarified. Working climate is hostile or tense. Much of the talking is not related to the task. Nonverbal behavior is distracting or not related to the task.

- What are characteristic behaviors of people with clear goals?
 People stay on the task, talking is related to the task. There is less nonverbal distractions and working climate is pleasant and cooperative.
- 3. What are characteristics of unclear goals?
 Unclear goals are vague and are not measurable.
 The unclear goals make it difficult to find a completion point.
- 4. What are characteristics of clear goals?

 Clear goals are precise and have measurable objectives. The goal has a definite end point or completion time.

EVALUATION:

All participants will enter a discussion.



VI. DRIVE STRENGTH

A. GOAL SETTING

1. RESOURCE SHEET - OBSERVATION GUIDE

During this exercise the groups will work on two tasks. The first task will be unclear, the second will be clear. Your job as an observer is to make careful notations of group behavior on the groups, but sit outside the circle.

		FIRST TASK	SECOND TASK
(1)	The number of times the goal was clarified or asked to be clarified.		
(2)	Assessment of "working" climate of the group. Was the working climate cooperative, hostile, pleasant, critical, or accepting.	·	
	At the beginning?		
	At the middle?		·
	At the end?		
(3)	Frequency of verbal behavior not directly related to getting the job done (side conversations, jokes, comments).		
(4)	Frequency of nonverbal behavior not related to getting the task done (looking around the room, horseplay, bored, withdrawal, hostility).		
(5)	How much progress did the group make in getting the task done? (Make an estimate.)		



VI. DRIVE STRENGTH

A. GOAL SETTING

1. RESQUECE SHEET - OBSERVATION GUIDE

During this exercise the groups will work on two tasks. The first task will be unclear, the second will be clear. Your job as an observer is to make careful notations of group behavior on the groups, but sit outside the circle.

		FIRST	TASK	SECOND TASK
(1)	The number of times the goal was clarified or asked to be clarified.			
(2)	Assessment of "working" climate of the group. Was the working climate cooperative, hostile, pleasant, critical, or accepting.			
	At the beginning?			
	At the middle?			
	At the end?			
(3)	Frequency of verbal behavior not directly related to getting the job done (side conversations, jokes, comments).			
(4)	Frequency of nonverbal behavior not related to getting the task done (looking around the room, horseplay, bored, withdrawal, hostility).			
(5)	How much progress did the group make in getting the task done? (Make an estimate.)			



VII. DECISION MAKING

UNIT:

PROBLEM SOLVING

ACTIVITY TITLE:

1. A TEAM EFFORT

GOAL

To compare individual problem-solving skills with group problem-solving skills.

GROUP SIZE:

Classroom or small group.

MATERIALS:

Pencils and "Moon Rescue" scenario.

TIME REQUIRED:

25 to 35 minutes.

OBJECTIVE

Choose the most necessary items to survive on the moon.

PROCEDURES

AND

Form groups of 3 to 6 participants. 1.

Discuss methods of problem-solving. 2.

Read the scenario "Moon Rescue". 3.

4.

DIRECTIONS:

Choose 5 items you would take to survive the two day march.

5. Be ready to tell why you picked these 5 items.

6. When all your group have completed their choices, share your answers with the

Agree as a group on the items to carry 7. on the two day march.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS:

Why did you choose the five items? 1.

2. Were your choices different than the choices made by the group?

> The answers are: Air Tank, Water, Dehydrated Milk, Map of the Moon, Radio.

3. Why did you have trouble deciding on the group answer?

> When people work together, more choices are considered than by an individual.

What are the differences between 4. individual and group problem-solving?

> People tend to defend their own choices as the correct action for everybody.

EVALUATION:

All participants will:

Complete the "Moon Rescue" choices and; A.

B. Participate in the discussion.

PERSONAL	LIFE SKILI	s:	VI	r.	DECISION MAKING	Name:
UNIT:			λ.	PI	ROBLEM-SOLVING	Date:
ACTIVITY	SHEET:		1.	λ	TEAM EFFORT	
GOAL		To co	ompare in lem-solvi	nd i ing	ividual problem-so	lving skills with grou
MATERIALS	:	Penci	ils and "	Мо	oon Rescue" scenar:	io.
OBJECTI	VE	To ch	noose the	e m	most necessary item	as to survive on the
PROCEDURE:	_	3. 4.	Choose t two day Be ready When all share yo	he ma t y ur a	arch. to tell why you pic your group have com canswers with the a group on the item	take to survive the ked these 5 items.
SUMMARY A	CTIVITY DI	BCUSSI	ON QUEST	10	ons:	
1.	Why did ye	ou cho	ose the	fi	.ve items?	
2.	Were your	choice	es diffe	rei	ent than the choice	s made by the group?
3.	Why did yo	ou have	e trouble	e (deciding of the gr	oup answer?
4.	What are t	the dif	fferences	s k	between individual	and group problem-



VII.		BION MAKING	Name:
	Α.	Problem-Solving 1. A Team Effort	Date:

a. A Resource Sheet "Moon Rescue"

Four people including yourself are on the moon. You need to travel on foot to your space station located two days march away. There is not air or oxygen on the moon. You must wear your space suit at all times to protect you from the heat and cold, and to supply you with air to breathe. Because of the low gravity each person can easily carry over 100 pounds.

If you can only take 5 items, which of the following items would you choose?

Check		Why
	Box of Matches	
	Food	
	Stove	·
	Tent	<u>.</u>
	One Air Tank Each	
	Boat	
	Map of the Moon	
	Gallon of Water Each	
	Compass	
	Dehydrated Milk	
	Newspaper	
	Radio for Talking to the Space Station	

VIII. TIME MANAGEMENT

UNIT:

DAILY PRIORITIES

ACTIVITY TITLE:

A DAY IN THE LIFE OF ...

GOAL

Analyze daily time use in order to create a daily schedule of priorities to accomplish personal goals.

GROUP SIZE:

Individual or class group.

MATERIALS:

Daily log and priority sheet.

TIME REQUIRED:

30 minutes for introduction, 1 week interval, 30-40 minutes analysis session.

OBJECTIVE

Each participant will:

Keep an accurate record of personal time use for A. one week.

PROCEDURES

Obtain log and priority sheet. 1.

VND

DIRECTIONS:

2. Discuss time management.

Complete an accurate time log covering 1 week. 3.

time.

2.

Total the time spent on major activities; example: 4. work, sleep, meals, leisure.

5. Create a priority sheet of activities you want and need to do each day.

6. Compare your daily log to your priority list.

Develop a new schedule for the next week. 7.

Repeat the process to improve your daily time 8. management.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS:

What was the major time user of your day? 1. Sleep, work or school is the major use of people's

What is the most common waste of time in your day?

Identifying time wasting activities is the first step in filling the time with useful activities.

3. Do your priorities match your time use?

> Few people can match priority with the actual time they spent on different activities. People need a balance of study time, family time, social time and personal time.

EVALUATION:

All participants will:

Complete at least a 3 day daily time log, and A.

B. Create a priority plan sheet.

PERSONAL LIFE SKII	us: VII	I. TIME	lanagement	Name:
UNIT:		A. DAILY	PRIORITIE S	Date:
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1. A DAY	IN THE LIFE O	F
GOAL	To and schedu	alyze daily ule of pric	time use in orities to acc	order to create a daily omplish personal goals.
MATERIALS:	Daily	log and pr	iority sheet.	•
OBJECTIVE	To ke	ep an accur eek.	ate record of	personal time use for
PROCEDURES	1.	Complete ti	me log for one	e week.
AND DIRECTIONS:	2.	Potal the texample: wo	ime spent on rrk, sleep, mea	major activities; als, leisure.
DIMOITOND.	3. (Create a pr need to do	iority sheet o	of activities you want and
	4. (Compare you	r daily log to	your priority list.
	5. I	Develop a n	ew schedule fo	or the next week.
SUMMARY ACTIVITY D	ISCUSSIC	ON QUESTION	8:	
1. What was	the maj	jor time us	er of your day	7?
		•		
2. What is	the most	common wa	ste of time in	your day?
				•
3. Do your	prioriti	ies match y	our time use?	
				



ATTT.	TIME	MANAGEMENT	wame:	
	Α.	A Resouce Sheet-DAILY PRIORITIES	Date:	
		1 A DAY IN THE LIFE OF		
DAYS	DAIL	Y LOG	1	PRIORITY
Sunday				
		<u> </u>		
Monday				
		- 		
Tuesday	_			
				•
77 - 3 3	_			
weanesaay				
				
Thursday				
Friday				
	_			
Saturday				



IX. SALES ORIENTATION

UNIT:

ACTIVITY TITLE:

A. CREATIVITY

1. NEW ANGLES

GOAL

Develop a systematic approach in problem-solving.

GROUP SIZE:

Small group or class

MATERIALS:

Pentagon diagram

TIME REQUIRED:

15 - 20 minutes

OBJECTIVE

Find 35 triangles in the pentagon drawing in a systematic manner.

PROCEDURES

1. View the pentagon diagram.

AND

 Count the number of triangles included in the diagram.

DIRECTIONS:

3. Discuss with group how many triangles you found.

4. How many different categories of triangles can you find?

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS:

- 1. Did you find all 35 triangles?
- What are the 5 categories?

There are 10 small single triangles (without any intersection lines in them, e.g. AFG);
There are 5 tall triangles (each with an external side as a base and containing 5 pieces, e.g. ABD);
There are 5 long-base triangles (each with 3 pieces, e.g. ACJ);
There are 5 with two exterior sides (each with 3 pieces, e.g. EAB);
There are 10 with 2 small triangles inside (e.g. ABF)

3. How does the lack of a systematic approach cause us problems in our work/personal lives?

We loose some possibilities by not having a systematic approach. We need a system to track possible solutions as we think of the ideas.

EVALUATION:

All participants will:

A. Discover the 35 triangles after knowing the 5 categories.



PERSONAL LIFE SKILL	s: ix.	SALES ORIENTATIO	Name:
UNIT:	λ.	CREATIVITY	Date:
ACTIVITY SHEET:	1.	NEW ANGLES	
GOAL	Develop a	a systematic appro	each to problem-solving.
MATERIALS:	Pentagon	diagram	
OBJECTIVE	Find 35 systemat:	triangle in the pe ic manner.	entagon drawing in a
PROCEDURES	1. View	w the diagram.	
AND	2. Find	d the 35 triangles	3.
DIRECTIONS:	3. How find	many different ca 1?	tegories of triangles can you
	NOTES:		
			•
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DI		QUESTIONS: 5 triangles?	
2. What are	the 5 cate	egories?	
3. How does our work/	the lack opersonal l	of a systematic ap lives?	proach cause us problems in
	.		

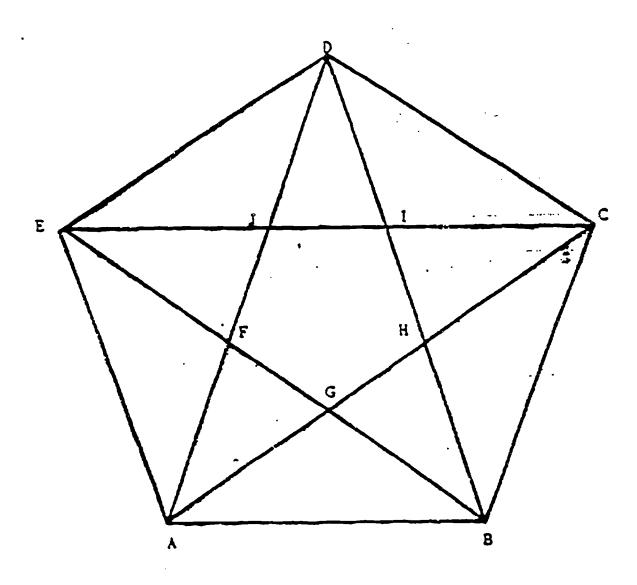


IX. SALES ORIENTATION

- Creativity

 1. New Angles

 a. A Resource Sheet "The Hidden Triangles"



X. COMMITMENT ETHIC

UNIT:

A. PRIORITIES

ACTIVITY TITLE: ...

1. PRIORITIES FOR SUCCESS

GOAL

To develop a commitment to essential activities and people in our lives.

GROUP SIZE:

Individually or small group.

MATERIALS:

Paper and pencil.

TIME REQUIRED:

30 - 60 minutes

OBJECTIVE

Each participant will:

A. Identify the essential uses of time in their weekly activities.

PROCEDURES

1. Write down the activities you want to do next week or people you want to please.

MD

2. Locate three activities you must do to maintain your minimum performance. Assign a number "1" to

DIRECTIONS:

- these items.

 3. Choose one person or activity that is the most important to your success and write down "A" by that item.
- 4. Choose 3 items that are urgent. Assign the number "2" to these items.
- 5. Rewrite the list starting with the "A" item, followed by the "1" items then the "2" items.
- 6. Start a weekly calendar with the "A" item then assign a day to each "1" and "2" item.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. Can we always find more to do than we have time to do?

We always think of more activities than we have time to do.

What is the reason for writing down a date for each item?

When we set a written date, we tend to complete the action by that date.

EVALUATION:

Each participant will:

- A. Complete the list
- B. Develop a weekly calendar



PERSONAL LIFE SKILL	S:	x.	COMMITMENT	ETHIC	Name:
UNIT:		λ.	PRIORITIES		Date:
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1.	PRIORITIES	FOR SUCCI	E8 8
GOAL	To develop people in	a co our l	emmitment to	essentia	al activities and
MATERIALS:	Paper and	penci	1		
OBJECTIVE	Identify tl	he es t's w	sential use eekly activ	s of time	in the
PROCEDURES	1. Write	down	the activi	ties you	want to do next week
AND 2. Locate three activities you must do to maintain					st do to maintain
DIRECTIONS:	your m these	ntutm	um performa	nce, assi	gn the number "1" to
	3. Choose	e one	person or	activity cess and	that is the most write down "A" by
	4. Choose	3 i	tems that asse items.	re urgent	, assign the number
	5. Rewrit	e the	e list star	ting with	the "A" item,
•	6. Start	a wee	y the "1" arekly calendary to each	ar with th	he MAM item then
SUHWARY ACTIVITY DIS	CUSSION QUE	STION	18:		
1. Can we alw	ays find mo	re to	o do than we	have tir	me to do?
2. What is th	e reason fo	r wri	ting down a	date for	r each item?
					

X. COMMITMENT ETHIC

UNIT:

B. FRIENDS

ACTIVITY TITLE: . ..

1. PEOPLE WHO REALLY CARE

GOAL

To develop an attitude of interdependency among the people in our lives.

GROUP SIZE:

Small group or class

MATERIALS:

Paper and pencil, telephone directory, envelopes and stamps.

TIME REQUIRED:

15- 20 minutes

OBJECTIVE

Each participant will:

A. Communicate with five people who care for you or people who you want to please.

PROCEDURES

1. List five of people who care for you or who you want to please.

MD

DIRECTIONS:

- 2. Locate the addresses for the people in directories provided.
- 3. Choose one person and list the good things you like about that person. Mail the note to him/her.
- Choose a day to write a similar note to each of the remaining people. Write the date by the name.
- 5. Mail all the notes within one week.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. Can we always find someone we want to please or who cares for us?

We always have someone who cares for us, even if we only care for ourselves.

What is the reason for writing down a date to complete the notes?

When we set a written date, we tend to complete the action by the date.

EVALUATION:

Each participant will:

- A. List 5 names
- B. Write notes within one week



PERSONAL LIFE SKILLS	5 :	x.	CONNITHENT	ETHIC	Name:
UNIT:		в.	FRIENDS		Date:
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1.	DEODIE AHO	REALLY C	ARE
GOAL	To develop people in			interdep	endency among the
MATERIALS:	Paper and stamps.	penc	il, telephor	e directo	ory, envelopes and
OBJECTIVE	Each part:	icipar	nt will:		
			te with five at they wish		who care for them or
PROCEDURES AND			five people ople who you		
DIRECTIONS:			e addresses es provided.		people in the
	3. Choos	se one about	e person and t that perso	l list the	e good things you the note to him/her.
	4. Choose the name.	remair	day to write ning people.	a simila Write t	ar note to each of the date by their
	5. Mail	all t	the notes wi	thin one	week.
	NOTES:				
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DIS				o please	or who cares for us?
2. What is th	ne reason i	for w	riting down	a date to	complete the notes?



XI. STRESS MANAGEMENT

UNIT:

A. DAILY STRESS

ACTIVITY TITLE: -

1. WORRIES THAT NEVER HAPPEN

GOAL

To identify the causes of daily stress and develop skills to relieve that stress.

GROUP SIZE:

Small Groups.

MATERIALS:

Paper and pencil.

TIME REQUIRED:

15 - 25 Minutes

OBJECTIVE

Each participant will:

PROCEDURES

A. Identify worries or fears.

AND

1. Write down 2 worries or fears that you had last week that did not happen.

DIRECTIONS

2. Join your group to discuss the answers with the group leader.

 Write down what might happen because of your worries. Identify both good and bad possibilities.

4. Circle the good things in bright colors.

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

1. What can you do about your worries?

some things we can change by working to prevent bad things; example to study for a hard test.

What is the worst that can happen about the worries you can not change?

some things we have no control over; such as the game cancelled because of bad weather.

EVALUATION:

Each participant will:

- A. List 2 worries
- B. Join in the discussion.



PERSONAL LIFE SKILL	s:	XI. STRE	88 KANAGE	MENT	Name
UNIT:		A. DAII	Y STRES		Date
ACTIVITY SHEET:		1. WORF	IES THAT	NEVER I	IAPPEN
GOAL	To id skill	entify th s to reli	e causes eve the s	of dail tress.	ly stress and develop
MATERIALS	Paper	and pend	:il		
OBJECTIVE	List	2 worries	or fears	•	
PROCEDURES AND	1.	Write dow last week	n 2 worri that did	es or f not ha	fears that you had .
DIRECTIONS:	2.	Join your the group	group to leader.	discus	s the answers with
		Write dow worries. ties.	n what mi Identify	ght hap both g	open because of your good and bad possibili-
	4.	Circle th	e good th	ings in	bright colors.
	NOTES	:			·
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DIS	SCUSSI	ON QUESTI	ONS:		
1. What can y	you do	about yo	ur worrie	s?	
2. What is the change?	ne wor	st that c	an happen	about	the worries you can not



UNIT:

ACTIVITY TITLE:

GROUP SIZE:

GOAL

MATERIALS:

TIME REQUIRED:

PROCEDURES

OBJECTIVES

AND

DIRECTIONS:

DISCUSSION

OUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

when

EVALUATION:

II. STRESS MANAGEMENT

> В. PEER PRESSURE

> > 1. OTHER SHOES

Small group or class with two person teams.

Develop sympathy for other people's problems.

Clean floor or carpeted area.

15-20 minutes, 5 minutes for teams.

The participants will:

Listen to a problem from another person and relate that problem to a group.

Form teams of two--form a double circle. 1.

2. Partner A to the inside and partner B to the outside. Partner A remove your shoes in front of your partner.

Share a daily problem with your partner, 3. that is homework, chores, class, sports.

4. Allow 5 minutes to share between partners. Form circle and explain your partner's problem.

5. Put your own shoes on at end of the activity.

Did you find some daily problems similar? 1.

> We have similar daily problems when we are involved in similar activities.

Did you have trouble explaining the problem 2. to your partner or to the group.

> People have different abilities to explain personal problems.

3. Did your own problems appear different after you heard the other problems?

Personal problems appear less threatening others are having similar difficulties.

All participants will share and discuss.

PERSONAL LIFE SKILLS:	XI.	STRESS MANAGEMENT	Name:
UNIT	В.	PEER PRESSURE	Date:
ACTIVITY SHEET:	1.	OTHER SHOES	
GOAL	Deve	lop sympathy for oth	er people's problems.
MATERIALS:	Clea	n floor or carpeted	area.
OBJECTIVE:	List r e la	en to a problem from te that problem to a	another person and group.
PROCEDURES	1.	Form a double circle	e with the teams.
AND DIRECTIONS:	2.	the outside. Partne	ouble circle, side and Partner B to er A remove your shoes and front of your partner.
	3.	Share a daily proble	em with your partner.
	4.	(about 5 minutes),	shared with the partner form a big circle and r's problem to the group.
	5.	Put your own shoes	on at the end of the unit.
SUMMARY ACTIVITY DISCUSS	ION Q	uestions:	
1. Did you find so	ome d	aily problems similar	·?
2. Did you have to or to the group	roubl	e explaining the prob	olem to your partner
3. Did your own problems?	roble	ms appear different a	after you heard the other



XII. EMPLOYMENT

UNIT:

A. INTERVIEW

ACTIVITY TITLE: -

1. TELLING THE STORY

GOAL

To develop interviewing skills.

GROUP SIZE:

Individual or small group.

MATERIALS:

Outline of a resume, job description, and evaluation sheet for interview.

TIME REQUIRED:

Two hours

OBJECTIVES

To complete a practice video-taped interview with replay and evaluation.

PROCEDURES

AND

1. Discuss the interview purpose.

2. Discuss dress code.

3. Discuss researching a company

4. Discuss the interview procedure.

5. Discuss typical interview questions.

DIRECTIONS:

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

AND

KEY

POINTS

What is the purpose of the interview?

To permit the job candidate and the employer to look at each other.

What is appropriate dress for an interview?

Wear what is professional dress for the job you are seeking.

3. How do you research a company?

Identify someone employed with the company (but not the person interviewing you) and ask questions.

4. What procedure is generally followed in the initial interview?

Introduction - information sharing - close

5. What are some typical interview questions?

Tell me about yourself.
Why do you want to work here?
What are your strengths? weaknesses?
What motivates you?

EVALUATION:

Play back video of sample interview and evaluate your performance.



						
PERSONAL	LIFE SKILLS:	XII.	employment	Name		
UNIT:		λ.	INTERVIEW	Date		
ACTIVITY	SHEET:	1.	TELLING THE 8	TORY		
GOAL	.		erviewing skil			
	SELF RATI	NG SC	ALE FOR AN IN	TERVIEW		
CON	BIDERATION			LOW	SCALE MEDIUM	HIGH
1. App	roach Personal Greeting Eye Contact Hand Shake					
2. Void						
	earance Grooming Hair Make-Up Dress					
4. Body Language Posture Gestures						
Portray Self Confidence 5. Knowledge of Organization History of the company Products Services Competition						
6. Inte	erview Presentation co Skills Abilities Education Training	verag	e			
7. Resp	onse to Questions Ability to handle pr Accurate response Change negative to p					
8. Your	Questions Appropriate Short		. •			
9. Inte	rview Close Timely Summarize positive p Secure next contact Thank you	oints				



XII. EMPLOYMENT

Resume A.

A Written Picture 1.

Resource Sheet

COMPLETING THE SIX SECTIONS OF A RESUME

Prepare each section of the resume separately. A description of the section and space to fill in your draft follows> Then you will put the sections together into a complete draft of your resume.

HEADING AND PERSONAL INFORMATION

It is very important that your name, address and telephone number be located in the first section of the resume where it is easily located by a potential employer. If your address may change or you do not have a telephone, give the address and phone of someone who will always know your current address and how to get in touch with you immediately.

Resume of (your name)	ò
Temporary Address	Permanent Address
Street	·
City and state	
Zip code	•
Telephone (AC)	
CAREER OBJECTIVE	
The statement of your career objective statement on your resume. It has three give the job title of the position you that you bring to that position, and twould like to work in.	ee parts. The career objective should are applying for, the special skills
Example: "To obtain a position in per	sonnel administration in a small

Please complete the following related to your career objective:

community health care facility requiring human relations and problem

Title of	position	sought		



solving skills."

Statement of your career objective					
List all of your education and training in reverse chronological order. Your most recent program should be listed first, and end with your high school training. If you have more than one college degree, you may choose to omit your high school information. However, if you are seeking a position in the area where you went to high school, it may be advantageous to list your high school even if you have extensive training beyond the high school degree.					
					Please complet
College(s) at	College(s) attended				
Date of gradua	ation or expected date of graduation				
College major	GPA				
College minor	GPA				
	related to career objective				
High School at	tended				
Date of gradua	ation				
Grade point as	verage or rank in class				
Specific skill	ls mastered as a result of education				
Specialized to	raining completed				
	<u> </u>				



Specific skills mastered as a re	esult of training
	
HONORS AND ACTIVITIES	
Usually this sections contains a participation, and offices held your list is very long, you may	activities you have participated in as a ge or as a community service activity. Seference to scholarships or awards, sports in school or community organizations. If omit your high school honors and activities to the position for which you are applying
Honors	
WORK EXPERIENCE List your most recent work military experience, volunteer w responsible role in.	experience first. Be sure to include ork, or any special projects you had a
Most	Recent Employer
Job Title D	ates employed
	ganization
Name of immediate supervisor	bilities
Second M	ost Recent Employer
Job Title Da	ates employed
	ganization
Name of immediate supervisor	pilities



Next Most Recent Employer

Job Title	Dates employed
Name and address of employing	organization
Name of immediate supervisor	sibilities
other experiences:	
REFERENCES	
your working style, your person employers, significant communi- are good examples. Do not list addresses, and telephone number	sonally, who know your abilities and skills, nality, character and attitude. Previous ty members, and recent teachers or trainers t friends and relatives. Include the names, rs of people who will provide you with a y are contacted by a prospective employer.
Name	
Title	
Address	
Telephone	
Name	
Title	
Address	
Malauhana	



COMPLETING YOUR RESUME

When these sections have been completed, you are ready to develop a rough draft of your resume. You will select section titles and resume style to suit your specific needs. Your draft should be reviewed by someone with expertise in resume development. You may want to remember the following tips:

Use letter quality print

Use one-inch margins on all sides

3.

Use as few words as possible to avoid a cluttered look
Use single, double, and triple spacing to create eye appeal
Use capital letters, underlining, bold print. 4.

5.

Use good quality paper (20 lb.) in white, off-white, grey or blue 6. paste.

